Nursing and counseling a newly diagnosed HIV patient at emergency department.

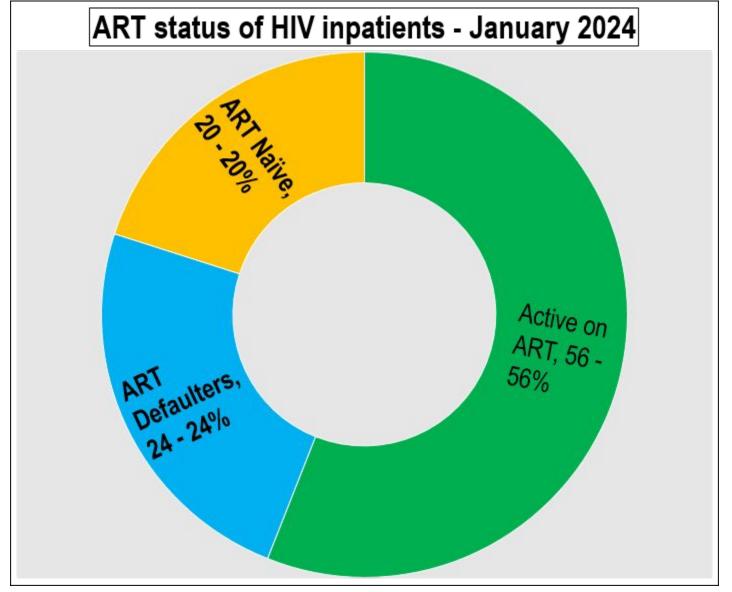
by
S. Diana Nanyanzi
BsN







Key statistics: 1st – 31st January 2024



- Total number enrolled = 100 HIV inpatients
- 53 (53%) were Males.
- Median age,42 IQR (32-50)
- 5 of the ART Naïve patients were newly initiated on ART, linked to the ART Clinic.
- 9 ART Defaulters were re-initiated on ART.
- Median time period of ART default were
 13 months, Range (9-21) months

Reasons for not initiating ART.

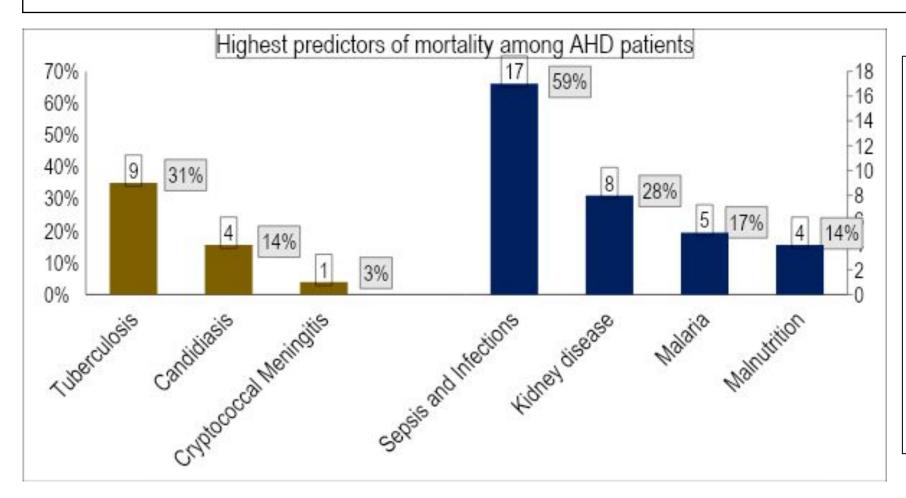
Reasons	ART Naïves [n = 15]
Transferred out	1
Started on anti-TB treatment	5
Started on Fluconazole	4
ART deferred by attending physician	2
Early discharges	1
Died	3

Outcomes among HIV Inpatients: January 2024

Outcome	Active on ART (n=56)	ART Default (n=24)	ART Naïve (N=20)	Grand Total [N=100]
Discharged	25 (44.64)	14 (58.33)	13 (65.00)	52 (52.00)
Referred for Care	3 (5.36)	2 (8.33)	1 (5.00)	6 (6.00)
Died	19 (33.93)	7 (29.17)	3 (15.00)	29 (29.00)
Currently admitted	9 (16.07)	1 (4.17)	3 (15.00)	13 (13.00)

- ART naïve patients and defaulters contributed were 34% (10/29).
- 48-Hour Mortality at 48%(14/29)

Mortality among HIV Inpatients: January 2024



Predictors of mortality by patient challenges:

- Poor function status –93% (27/29)
- Financial constraints –76 922/29)
- No attendant 24%(7/29)
- Delayed diagnosis 10% (3/29)

Nursing





Counseling





Nursing care

Its aimed at;

- Coping with health problems.
- Monitor and manage opportunistic infections and comorbidities.
- Provide comprehensive HIV care and support.
- Achieving the best possible quality of life (positive living).

NB: Prompt medical attention is needed in emergency state.

HIV Counselling

- It's a confidential dialogue between a HCW and a client.
- Adequate information, demonstrations should be provided.
- Enables a client to make informed decisions and enhances understanding of HIV/AIDS.

It aims at;

- Improving communication and coping skills.
- Strengthening self-esteem.
- Promotes optimal mental health.
- Enhances adherence to medication.

Nursing care

- Admission.
- Carry out rapid physical assessment.
- Triage and allocation of priority of care.
- Confirm HIV diagnosis, provide post-diagnosis and post-disclosure with confidentiality.
- Identify significant medical history and allergies.
- Screening for opportunistic infections (Ols) to r/o AHD and comorbidities.
- Carry out nutrition assessment.
- Follow up on laboratory investigations.
- Nursing care plan of Ols and comorbidities.
- Interventions based on the assessment e.g. ADLs assistance (mobility, self-feeding).

- Medication management and administration (prophylaxis, ART and other medications).
- Adherence counseling (readiness for ART S/Effects).
- Ongoing physical assessment to determine early warning signs.
- Psychosocial assessment (both to patient and caretaker).
- Document findings and share with attending doctor.
- Patient education (facilitate self-management and behavior change).

Coping with HIV positive status

HIV AND MENTAL HEALTH

Good mental health is essential to living healthy with HIV.





Coping with HIV positive status

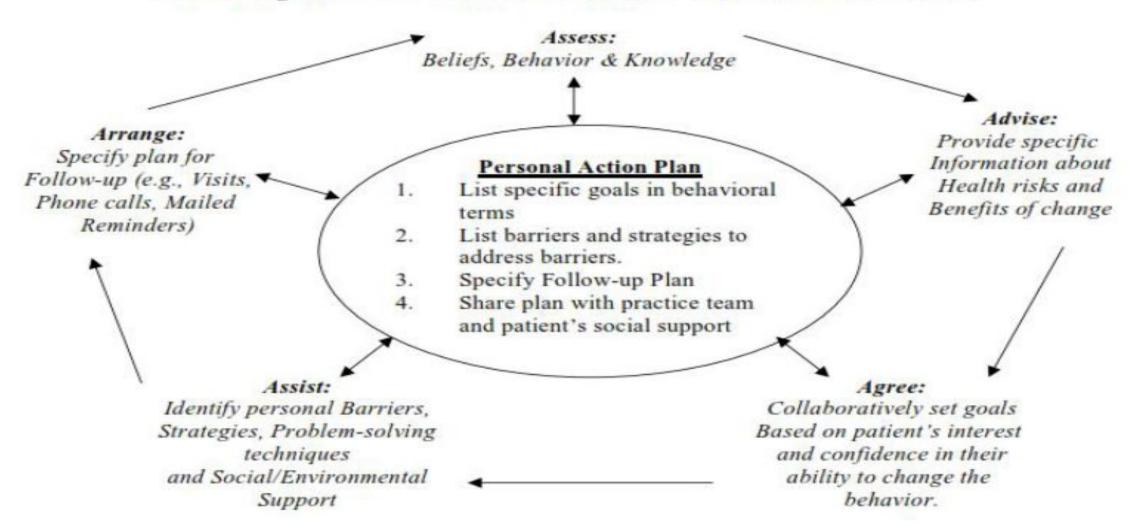


Issues to focus.

- Stigma.
- Disclosure.
- Depression.
- Self esteem and self critism.
- Fear of violence.
- Worry about job security.
- Effects on intimate/sexual life.
- Substance abuse.
- Dilemma (discordance, pregnant state).
- Death anxiety.
- Other comorbidities
- Religious beliefs.

5As Psychosocial and Counseling Framework

Self-Management Model with 5 A's (Glasgow, et al, 2002; Whitlock, et al, 2002)



Post test counseling

- Provide results accurately.
- Provide information about care available (facility & in catchment area).
- Describe the next care and treatment steps.
- Discuss the benefits of early Rx initiation & consequences/ challenges of delayed Rx.
- Identify and address any barriers to linkage.
- Involve the patient in the decision-making process regarding care & Rx.
- Documentation (client card, referral notes, comprehensive referral forms)
- Introduce and hand the patient to linkage facilitator.
- Ensure FU on patients that are not enrolled same day.

NB; Same day linkage is not possible for AHD patients thus booked & followed up on ward or in the community.

Key highlights

- Triaging of patients is key.
- Ensure prioritization of nursing care and proper documentation.
- Ensure privacy and confidentiality.
- Validate HIV status.
- Screen for opportunistic infections.
- Assess readiness to start ART.
- Provide adherence counseling.

MCQs

A counselor uses the behavior change model to establish a self-management action plan for a newly diagnosed HIV patient following the 5 A's as follows;

- a) Assess, Agree, Arrange, Assist, Advise
- b) Assess, Assist, Advise, Arrange, Agree
- c) Assess, Advise, Agree, Assist, Arrange
- d) Advise, Assist, Arrange, Agree, Assess

The system of the "triage" is based upon which of the following principles?

- a) Treating first come first served.
- b) Treating the quickest and easiest first
- c) Treating those that complain the most first.
- d) Treating patients in order of priority.

Questions???

Thank you!